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McKean County Miner.

HARRY L. BACKUS, Editor and Proprietor | OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE COUNTY | TERMS: $1.25 Per Year

VOL. XL. | SMETHPORT, PA., THURSDAY, MAY 14, 1903. | NO. 20

THE GOVERNOR SIGNS THE LIBEL BILL.

This Unjust Measure Becomes a Law on Tuesday, May 12.

COUNTRY PAPERS TO SUFFER MOST.

Its Legality to be Tested Will be Carried to the Supreme Court of the United States if Necessary.

Governor Pennypacker signed the Gratz-Sykes Libel Bill on Tuesday and thus made it a law. We do not know in which [illegible] he will attempt to defend his own action in the matter.

When the bill came to the House it was very clear that the law did not apply to newspapers. But Governor Pennypacker and Deputy Attorney General Elkin, who is a country editor himself, were not satisfied with that. They wanted the law to cover newspapers as well as other persons. For illustration, the attorney general of North American of yesterday feebly defends the law by publishing certain libelous cartoons. Under this law of the Governor and Elkin's the most innocent cartoon may be construed into a libel. If the editor of the paper should say that as much about a political opponent as Mr. Pennypacker would be able to pay the damages, he would be fortunate, and we would be too glad of such a Mayor for some time to come. We [illegible]

[illegible] Governor has given the people of the State a law which will enable the North American to collect damages from the Press of the State.

The Philadelphia Press gives a long and elaborate review of the bill which is as follows:

We are sincerely grieved to the core that Governor Pennypacker has made it necessary for a historian of signing the deadly snake bill, and attaching to that wrong the still greater folly of an unspeakably silly and wicked message attempted justification. In one sense there is no surprise. His feelings have long been known. He has been weak enough to expose his wounds openly to all the world. His festering sores have been all too plain. But we could not believe that he would permit his personal grievance to blind him to all other considerations so far as to betray him into a grave public wrong. Into open disregard of solemn constitutional obligations, into unworthy methods and attitudes and into a disingenuous explanation which in many parts is so puerile as to be beneath contempt.

We must speak with absolute truth and candor. The Press cannot afford to be false to itself or its character. It cannot imitate Governor Pennypacker in letting any personal feeling mislead it into any public expression which will not stand the cold test of reason and of time. Governor Pennypacker is an honest and well-meaning man. He has done good service in the executive chair. The Press takes back nothing of what it has said in these respects. It has sometimes, indeed, remained silent where it could not commend. Before and during the campaign Judge Pennypacker, amid much that was right, said things so inexpressibly foolish that his judicious friends could only turn their faces and hang their heads in shame. But these things had no practical importance; they did not affect any serious act, and there was a generous disposition to let them pass and think only of his undoubted probity. His present attitude shows the same strange intellectual waywardness and perversity; but unfortunately here it concerns the most vital public interests, and it compels a recognition of the lamentable truth that an honest man, under the smart of a personal sting, has proved himself so narrow, so jaundiced, so pitifully small, as to share in a great public wrong and destroy what might have been an honorable fame.

Before fully speaking of the character of the Governor's act let us examine his statement. Had he been frank he would simply have said: "I am dreadfully sore under public caricature, and so I make the effort to stop the cartoons." Not being candid he undertakes to mask the real fact with a veil of reasons. We do not doubt that on the first reading of his paper many unreflecting people will feel that it has much force. But it will not bear a moment's intelligent and serious scrutiny. It is disingenuous, dissembling and deceptive. The Governor recites a large number of instances of injurious publication, real or imaginary, affecting the business man, the virtuous woman, the clergyman and so on, and says they ought to be protected. As if all these [illegible] were not fully covered by the existing law! No one knows better than Governor Pennypacker that the present statute provides ample protection against defamation of names. But by a studied suppression of the truth he would mislead uninformed people. He asks why newspapers should not be held liable for injuries growing out of a negligence as well as other people. As if they were not! He knows perfectly well that they are! He knows, too, that, until the reform of the Bill law in 1895, a most harsh and unjust discrimination prevailed against newspapers in the very matter of negligence as compared with all other classes of citizens. He may impose for the moment on the ignorant and unthinking, but where there is knowledge of the records his [illegible] of subterfuge crumbles into dust.

It is painful to say, but it is from the bitter fact that his whole argument is a distortion of the truth. In support of charges of abuses to advocate what not specify actual instances of abuses to advocate what not specify actual instances. Some of these cases will afford matter for [illegible] laughter for [illegible]. At other points it is such as to leave the impression that the Governor would take the cases and not the words of their papers in the administration of justice. For illustration, the attitude of the North American of yesterday loudly defends the law by publishing certain libelous cartoons. Under this law of the Governor and Elkin's the most innocent cartoon may be construed into a libel. If the editor of the paper should say that as much about a political opponent as Mr. Pennypacker would be able to pay the damages, he would be fortunate, and we would be too glad of such a Mayor for some time to come. We [illegible]

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THE WINDOW PICTURE

By ELIZA ARCHARD CONNER.

Copyright, 1903, by Eliza Archard Conner.

THE managing editor gave me this photograph and said to me:

"Miss Daggerty, write something around that picture. Fake up something. I don't much care what."

My name is not Daggerty, though the managing editor calls me that. It is Emily Dalgetty, which is a pretty name, but I never hear it here. The office boy calls me "Dag" behind my back. I heard him one day. So does the religious editor, a young snip who is killing himself with cigarettes.

I can't think of anything to write around that horrid old picture yet, so I just let my typewriting machine rest and take a pencil and scribble by hand any nonsense that comes into my head. That is a good way to tap the flow and get started, I find, and that's why I let myself write this foolishness. I wish I could get hold of a beginning about that photograph. It's merely a snapshot of a cycle to pieces old man with a long beard and a bald head. He leans, with folded arms, upon the window sill of a log cabin which has the window taken out, if there ever was any in.

Oh, you old image! Why can't I get started on you? But no! All I can think of this morning is Ned Ball. I've not thought of much else for ten years, I believe, and I'm twenty-five now. I can't remember when we were not sweethearts, Ned and I. I can hardly remember when we were not engaged.

"I'll have time this afternoon to finish off that old ogre for the Sunday paper. I can't finish him at all. I can't begin him, unless something comes in to me head about him. I shall just write one of Ned and me till I tap the supply. I wonder where it is, anyhow, that it will come when you call for it?

Ned, oh—I—I—I will write this just as I—I was going to send it to you. I—I—I don't like your—I—I—I—I don't like it—I—I—I—I don't like it—I—I—I—I don't like it

MODERN PHARMACY.

Pharmacy is a growing science and the druggist to-day who fills prescriptions must be up-to-date as well as his stock. Pure drugs, sciedtific service and reasonable prices are all combined when your prescription is filled here.

PERFUMES

we have a line that is the finest ever shown in town. Call and try a small bottle.

J. W. Voorhees,

Palace Pharmacy — Smethport, Pa.

ARE YOU BUILDING?

A new house or repairing an old one? If you are we have everything you need and would like to give you prices.

CEMENT,
LIME,
WALL PLASTER,
BRICK,
DOORS, WINDOWS, &C.,
LUMBER,
SEWER PIPE, LAND TILE,
SHINGLES AND ALL THE REST.

J. C. Hamlin.

McKean County Miner

Entered at the postoffice at Smethport as second-class mail matter.

Smethport, Thursday, May 14, 1903.

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

—Commencement exercises to-night.

—Bring your job printing to the MINER office.

—Olean will celebrate the Fourth of July this year.

—Read the new advertisement of J. Colegrove in this issue.

—Kane is complaining of a weak water supply for fire protection.

—Bell Bros., Olean, are advertising a special sale in carpets and furniture this week.

—Attend Indian Bill's Wild West on the Nelson street ball grounds Friday, May 22.

—The Bell Telephone Co. has bought out the local telephone company of Coudersport.

—The baccalaureate sermon to the class of '03 was delivered by Rev. P. S. Calvin at the Baptist church last Sunday morning.

—The Warren High School base ball team defeated the Bradford High School team at the latter place Saturday, by a score of 12 to 6.

—The members of the L. O. T. M. will hold a cooked food sale at Hussey's meat market on Saturday afternoon from 2 to 5 o'clock.

—The residence of A. V. Gillette of Kane was destroyed by fire last Friday night. The loss is upwards of $3,500, with an insurance of $1,500.

—Last Thursday afternoon two barns belonging to A. R. Barnaby of Port Allegany were destroyed by fire. A horse was cremated in one of them.

—T. H. Lawry, aged 56 years, former great commander of the K. O. T. M. of Pennsylvania, died on Saturday afternoon at his home in Oakdale, Pa.

—New York will celebrate its 250th anniversary the last week in May. The people of the metropolis are making great preparations for this occasion.

—Mr. Leo Lynch, a graduate of Warner's Business College, has secured a good position as bookkeeper with I. P. Collins, insurance office, at Bradford.

—The Shawmut steam shovel which is working on the M. S. Comes farm on Marvin creek attracted many people from Smethport last Sunday. Improvements on the Shawmut are moving along rapidly.

—George T. Otto of Farmers Valley has recently received an increase of pension from $8 to $10 per month, to date from November 19, 1902. It was procured through the agency of E. R. Sherman, Bradford, Pa.

—Communications from the pension bureau addressed to William Akins, alias William Ikens, Smethport, McKean Co., Pa., have recently been returned unclaimed. He was a member of Co. G. of the 13th regiment, U. S. Infantry, War of the Rebellion. His present address is desired by the Commissioner of Pensions.

The preacher who can preach to please every hearer, the editor who can write to please every reader, the teacher who can instruct to please every parent, the dressmaker who can please every women, also the merchant who can please every buyer, are all dead and wearing wings in heaven, says the Kane Republican.

The Smethport Land and Improvement Company has a large advertisement in this issue, in which are offered some very attractive inducements to those wishing to own their own homes. The lots offered for sale are desirable building lots and the prices charged place them within the reach of anyone intending to build. Read the advertisement and get further particulars from Guy McCoy, secretary.

—Warning is given by the government of the appearance of two new counterfeit $5 bills. One is a $5 silver certificate and the other is a national bank note. The note reads on its face, "United States. The Citizens' International Bank, New York. Pay to the bearer on demand $5." There is no such a bank as the Citizens' International Bank of New York. The bill appears to have been printed from wood-cut plates.

—On Sunday last Ottawa, Canada, was visited by a terrible fire, which destroyed millions of dollars' worth of property and rendered about 2,000 people homeless. The fire is supposed to have been of incendiary origin and John White, an ex-convict who had just been released from prison after serving a term for arson, has been placed under arrest. The water works had been tampered with and the fire got a terrible start before any water could be secured.

Beautiful Homes.

The Nickel Plate Rd. is offering special round trip Homeseekers' rates to points all through the West, tickets on sale first and third Tuesdays of each month, good return limits; also selling special one-way Colonists' tickets to Pacific Coast and intermediate points. See local agents, or write R. E. Payne, Genl. Agt., 201 Main St. Buffalo, N. Y., or C. C. Lowry, T. P. A. Holland, N. Y.

Tourist Cars

via West Shore—Nickel Plate Road—are justly famous for their completeness and luxurious comfort, are positively unexcelled. Second class tickets available. Tri-weekly service. Get folder and full information from local agent, R. E. Payne, Gen'l Agt., 201 Main St., Buffalo, N. Y., or C. C. Lowry, T. P. A. Holland, N. Y.

House and lot for sale or rent. I also wish to dispose of my household goods. Mrs. Anna M. Fuller, 806 Green St.

Curios in the Old Days.

In olden times when a jury in England disagreed improper ways to the judge's gentle mode of persuasion fine and imprisonment were resorted to. The jury that acquitted Sir Nicholas Throckmorton was condemned to eight months' imprisonment in addition to the payment of a large sum of money. In the reign of Queen Elizabeth a jury, having reduced a prisoner's alleged crime of murder to that of manslaughter, was at once sent to prison and bound over in a large sum to be of good behavior. Penalties were likewise inflicted upon the innocent wife and children of the offending jurymen. Even now it is believed by some legal authorities that a judge has the right to inflict a fine upon a jurymen refusing to obey his directions. Such power is, however, not exercised except in the case of a juror absenting himself without a justifiable cause. Of this practice there is the following story: A judge had fined a juryman for nonattendance. On hearing that he had been unable to be present because of his wife's funeral the judge, whose wife was said to be not of a particularly gentle nature, exclaimed: "Has he? That was a good excuse indeed. I wish we all had the same."

The Dog in Egypt.

In Egypt the dog was a friend and faithful servant. He lived in the house with his master, followed him in his walks, attended the public processions, [illegible] and [illegible] by his side. The house dog in Egypt was a domestic, working at his trade, very [illegible] was one in which we have ceased to excel.

The Cry of the Loon.

The cry of the loon is one of the strangest, weirdest sounds in nature. Those who have heard it can scarcely wonder that it has so often been woven into song and legend.

A blood red ring [illegible]
Hear it once again! Ah me! Ah, me!
[illegible]
A wonderful loon! Ah me!
And yet the cool feathers rate
[illegible]

All most all writers who have attempted to describe the cry of the loon have likened it to [illegible]. Thus Mr. Vernon Bailey, student of the sound, describes it as follows: "Usually on the lonely lake in the heart of the woods do you get the startling thrill of the loon's wild cry—the clear, piercing note or a long, quivering, demoniacal laugh that to the mind suggests a herd of screaming panthers."

The Artist and the Woman.

Every actress is sensitively alive to the pleasure of a warm reception—that [illegible] for the technical term for the applause with which the audience greets the first appearance of an artist before any word has been spoken. Generally speaking, it signifies a courteous greeting corresponding to a lifted hat and pleasant salutation. But on occasions when the actress is a special favorite the reception, enthusiastic and long continued, becomes a demonstration which is inartistic and destructive of the illusion of the play, since it drags the actress out of her part and in her bowing, courtesying and smiling she becomes Miss Jones or Miss Morris returning thanks to the public. A woman would not be human who did not enjoy to the last drop of her blood just such a greeting, even though her artistic sense condemned it.—McClure's.

Animals Are Sensitive.

"The fact that a horse is sensitive to ridicule," said a student of the biological department of the University of Pennsylvania, "may easily be demonstrated. Take, for instance, the case of a horse that is eating out of a nosebag. If you stand in front of such a horse, attract his attention, and then, with loud laughter, mock his way of feeding, he will stop, with a look of embarrassment and shame, and he will not resume his meal until you are gone away.

"Dogs also object to being laughed at. Make fun of them and they will cease whatever they are doing. It is only when they are in a fight that they will remain impervious to the shafts of mockery."—Philadelphia Post.

The Human Body.

A pupil in a village school who had been requested to write an essay on the human body handed in the following: "The human body consists of the head, thorax, abdomen and legs. The head contains the brains, in case there are any. The thorax contains the heart and lungs; also the liver and lights. The abdomen contains the bowels, of which there are five—a, e, i, o, u and sometimes w and y. The legs extend from the abdomen to the floor and have hinges at the top and middle to enable a fellow to sit when standing or to stand when sitting."

Worth More.

Customer (in art gallery)—Ten dollars is a high price for that picture. It's nothing but a man smoking a pipe.

Dealer—Yes, but look at that pipe, my dear sir. It's genuine meerschaum, beautifully colored and extra large size. You couldn't buy that pipe alone for less than $15.—Chicago Tribune.

How Maudie Gets Experienced.

Irene—Is Maud really going to marry that sappy youth?

Enid Mercy, no! She is only engaged to him. You see, poor, dear Maud has never been engaged before, and she thinks she ought to practice a little before entering into it seriously.—New Yorker.

AT HALF MAST.

Sometimes we are greeted in the morning by flags at half-mast for some prominent official who yesterday was apparently in perfect health. When we inquire the ailment by which he was stricken it is not uncommon to be told "acute indigestion" or "stomach trouble."

It is time people learned that indigestion or any form of "stomach trouble" is not a thing to trifle with. The result may not be fatal, but there can be no condition of diseased stomach which does not carry with it physical loss and weakness.

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery cures indigestion and other forms of disease affecting the stomach and its allied organs of digestion and nutrition. It enables the perfect digestion and assimilation of food.

"Thanks to Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery," writes Mr. Charles H. German, of Lehighton, Pa. "It is the only medicine that has done me any good. I tried everything I could think of to cure indigestion and found I was only throwing away money. Then I heard of Doctor Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and tried a bottle of it, and to my joy found it was doing me good. I used six bottles of it and am now cured. It is the best medicine on earth."

This grand remedy does its work in a thorough manner; it gives the health that is all health; the strength that is solid, substantial and lasting; not flabby fat, not false stimulus. But genuine, complete, renewed vitality and life force.

Accept no substitute for "Golden Medical Discovery." There is nothing "just as good" for diseases of the stomach, blood and lungs.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure constipation and its consequences.

THE FAMOUS.

Central Block, "CLOTHING STORE," Smethport, Pa.

This Week

We will endow the lucky who will purchase the sum of

$10.00

for elegant suits of clothes which would be cheap at $15.00, and

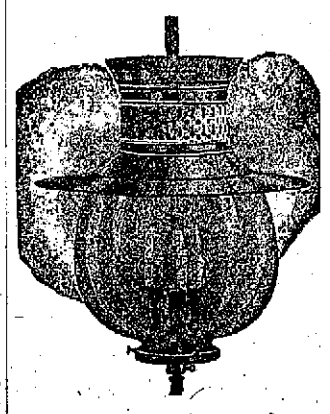
$3.50

for WALKOVER SHOES.

None better for double the price.

Your Money's Worth or Your Money Back.

Wm. Monheimer.



These lamps are constructed upon strictly scientific principles and have a standard reputation for quality, appearance and brilliancy. The Lamp gives over 100% candle power over the old way of lighting with single gas burners, with the same amount of gas consumed. Call and get our prices.

EDGAR W. STRONG,

BOTH 'PHONES. EURIN BLO. K. Smethport.

THE

NEW YORK WORLD

THRICE-A-WEEK EDITION.

Almost a Daily at the Price of a Weekly.

The Presidential campaign is over but the world goes on just the same and it full of news, just as it is—promptly and impartially—all that you have to do is to look in the columns of the Thrice-a-Week Edition of the New York World which comes to the subscriber 156 times a year.

The Thrice-a-Week World's diligence as a publisher of first news has given it circulation where the English language is spoken—and you want it.

The Thrice-a-Week World's regular subscription price is only $1.00 per year. We offer this unequalled newspaper and the MINER together one year for $1.65.

The regular subscription price of the World is one dollar.

COMING BY SPECIAL TRAIN.

Indian Bill's Historical Wild West,

INDIAN MUSEUM and MEXICAN HIPPODROME.

Will Exhibit at

SMETHPORT, PENNA.,

Friday, May 22.

A Tribe of Sioux, Pawnee, Comanche and Cree Indians.

GENUINE PLAIN COWBOYS.

Guards, Scouts and Frontiersmen

Yonomotos Royal Japanese Troupe.
A boquet of Beautiful Western Girls.
THE MEXICAN NATIONAL BAND.

Two Grand Exhibitions Daily Rain or Shine.

The World's Greatest Rough Riders.

Spotten Mustangs and Bucking Bronchos.
Indian War Dances and War Like Scenes.

Mexican Hippodrome Races

The most complete entertainment of its kind in the world headed by the noted Guide, Scout and Interpreter

Capt. Wm. Powers---Indian Bill.

Indian Bill's Grand Parade Daily at 10:30 a. m.

Performance at 2 and 8 p. m. Doors Open One Hour Earlier.

WE WANT YOUR TRADE.

To get it we are willing to do anything that is right We have purchased the stock of . . . .

GROCERIES and GENERAL MERCHANDISE

of O. D. Bush and are determined to run an up-to-date store. . . . . .

We have put a delivery wagon on the road and we will call at your house, take your order and deliver goods promptly. . . . . .

Give us a trial order and if everything is not perfectly satisfactory tell us about it. . .

VOORHEES & McCARTY,

Bush Building. EAST SMETHPORT, PA.

Good Coffee or Tea

Does not hurt you even if some of the advertisements of these wonderful substitutes do tell you so. We have the finest line in the place, as well as a complete line of the best groceries.

Leave your orders by 'phone or in person and they will be delivered promptly at your home.

Hagberg & Sherburne,

Holder Block, SMETHPORT, PA.

STOP! READ! and REFLECT

And then go to

BROWNELL BROTHERS

Where you will find a carefully and well selected stock of

DRY GOODS, NOTIONS,
FURNISHING GOODS,
HATS, CAPS. BOOTS and SHOES.

AND A CHOICE LINE OF THE

FINEST GROCERIES

TO BE FOUND IN TOWN AT

ROCK-BOTTOM PRICES.

McKean County Miner

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY

TERMS—$1.50 per year, or if not paid strictly in advance $1.00 per year.

ADVERTISING RATES.

Display advertisements published at the rate of $1.00 per inch for one insertion, payable monthly. Yearly contracts and changes from time to time, for a single inch or section.

Reading notices, 5 cents per line for each insertion.

Legal advertisements, seven cents per line for each insertion.

Cards of thanks, not exceeding one inch, $1.00 per annum.

Death, marriage and death notices inserted free.

Executor's and administrator's notices, $3.00 each.

Address all communications to

HARRY L. BACKUS,
Editor and Proprietor

Smethport, Thursday, May 14, 1903.

GOV. PENNYPACKER has signed the Grady-Salus bill. The bill is one of the [illegible] ever enacted in the history of the State and the Governor in signing it did [illegible], and thereby enabled many people to say "I told you so."—Bradford Era.

PROBABLY THERE IS no reason why Mr. Cleveland should not be a possible choice of [illegible] for president in Mr. Bryan's mind, but the Democratic editor of Mr. Bryan's home town [illegible] Democratic editors [illegible] from the Democratic [illegible] of any Democratic [illegible] of the party.—Bradford Star.

A BIG MEETING was held in New York last week in the name of Abraham Lincoln, the greatest friend the negro race has had since the days of the Savior. The meeting was insulted, broken up and denounced because it was a mean and contemptible sham, and was charged by Joe Cannon, Republican speaker of the House of Representatives, Chauncey M. Depew, the Republican senator from the Empire State, and by Republican governor Odell, the Supreme Court and [illegible] of that State, that they were actuated by the darkest American principles and the constitution's greatest foes. [illegible] Democrats [illegible] Democratic [illegible] Democratic [illegible] Democratic

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UPHOLSTERIES AND CURTAINS.

We have a large assortment of Silkolines, Tapestry Curtains, Plain and Figured Portiere Materials, Sateens and Cretonnes. Prices [illegible]

[illegible] to $8.50 pr.

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PLOWS. PLOWS. PLOWS.

[illegible]

REDFIELD'S HARDWARE.

McKean County Miner

[illegible]

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

—[illegible] Coming Mad.

—[illegible] to the Lyceum next Monday evening at Lyceum [illegible]

—The Tuxedo Club baseball team will play the Port Allegany team on the near future.

—Bids are being asked for [illegible] the new opera house to be erected in Bradford this summer.

—A meeting of the D. A. R. Society will be held at Mrs. Fergus's Saturday, May 14, at two o'clock.

—The Farmers Valley correspondence and a communication were unavoidably crowded out this week.

—There are 21 cases of small pox at Cross Fork, Potter county, and 10 cases in a nearby lumber camp.

—Memorial Day will be here in two weeks and our citizens should take hold and assist the local G. A. R. in a proper observance of the day.

—The studio of R. C. Gleason will be closed next week. Mr. Gleason will be in attendance at the meeting of the grand lodge I. O. O. F.

—Rev. P. S. Calvin's subject next Sunday morning will be, "Doing the Will of God." In the evening he will speak on "The Two Ways."

—The baby show in Bradford will be held on Monday evening, May 16, beginning at 8 o'clock. A very fine musical program will be given and refreshments will be served.

—All union stores are expected to be closed after 12 o'clock, noon, on Decoration Day (May 30th.) Patrons please make purchases accordingly. Retail Clerks' Union, Smethport, Pa.

—John Hugg gave a "pink tea" to a number of his male friends last Friday evening. All present say that Mr. Hugg is an accomplished chef and knows just how to serve an elegant repast.

—Hilma, the young daughter of Mrs. Peter Swanson of Kanesholm was operated on by the famous Dr. Lorenz at Chicago last week. The child has been a cripple for years.—Kane Republican.

—At St. Luke's church on next Sunday the services will be at 8 and 10:30 a. m. and at 7:30 p. m. The rector will return from the Diocesan convention in Pittsburg to-morrow (Friday) afternoon.

—A "run" was made on the Fidelity Trust Co. of Buffalo last week, but the institution was able to meet all demands without trouble and the scare was soon over. Considerable of the stock of this concern is owned by Smethport capitalists and it is as sound financially as any bank or trust company in the country.

Early History of Pennsylvania." The contestants have been chosen from the High School. Messrs. Stone, of Bradford, Smith of Port Allegany and T. F. Richmond of Smethport will act as judges. No admission will be charged and the public is cordially invited to be present.

The committee of the Colored Social Club have secured the services of Miss Edna May Sinclebels, the colored Patti, who will sing at the entertainment to be given at the Lyceum next Monday evening. Reserved seats will be placed on sale Saturday morning at Wells' Drug store.

—The Smethport Colored Social Club will give an entertainment at the new Lyceum next Monday evening, which will consist of a prize cake walk, songs, dances, etc. First-class professional talent has been engaged and an entertaining program will be presented. Admission 35 and 50 cents. Reserved seats at Wells' Drug store.

—A concert of merit was given last evening by the Ithaca Concert Company. Every number of the excellent program was heartily encored. The audience overtaxed the seating capacity of the spacious auditorium, and many were [illegible] for [illegible] Mr. Brown Chorus and News Notes. Mrs. [illegible] and Mrs. [illegible]

[illegible] Marion Norris [illegible] Welch to [illegible] Grace [illegible] and [illegible] Mr. Welch [illegible] and will [illegible] The office and several men went to the rear of the barber shop in the Bucus building, where they found the dog. The little animal was acting strangely, but did not appear to have rabies. However, upon request of Mr. Norris, the officer shot the beast and the [illegible] was found.

Of the individual members of the Ithaca Conservatory Chorus [illegible] Mrs. Mead, whose [illegible] [illegible] Mrs. [illegible] was [illegible] [illegible] Mrs. [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

Mr. Lancaster's Double

.....By
EDWARD FIELDING

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MR. LANCASTER was a man of simple tastes, and upon returning to the city after an absence of two years he took up his residence in a quiet boarding house. The house was commodious, well kept and in the highest degree respectable.

He was returning to the house just before dinner when he saw approaching him a rat eyed fellow of a very dark appearance, who immediately upon catching sight of Lancaster dodged into a nook beside some stone steps and proceeded to make queer and cautious gestures that were evidently meant for signals. It was perfectly plain that those could not be intended for any other eyes than Lancaster's, and the obvious inference was that the odious rascal mistook him for somebody else.

The incident was in the highest degree ruffling by the fact that just as Lancaster came to his landlady's gate a man who appeared to be in the employ of the other party to the mysterious signaling stepped out of the shadow and confronted Lancaster. He looked at Lancaster's face, then at the gate, then at Lancaster again, and finally he said:

"Excuse me, sir, but I thought you was another party."

He made no apology, but scuttled away before Lancaster could recover from his surprise.

Modified to the highest degree, Lancaster entered the little yard that is before the house and ascended the three low, stone steps that lead up to its portal. He was fumbling mechanically for his latchkey when the door was suddenly opened and a young woman in street costume came out. She bowed with the quick grace of youth; she was a creature all alive, radiant and vivid, and she was so amazingly, stunningly beautiful that Lancaster forgot everything else in the world. He had been mistaken for some sort of objectionable character by two worthless rascals who were total strangers to him, but if they had been his most familiar associates and nearest blood relatives and had taken him for the horrid devil in broad daylight he would not have given the matter a thought in the presence of this girl.

She started slightly at the sight of him, but was passing on toward the gate when he found his voice.

"Miss Harwood!" he called in a tone which betrayed the fact that he was making an experiment.

The young woman turned quickly.

"I know it must be you," he exclaimed, "though I hadn't seen you since you were a little girl. Of course you don't remember me or Lancaster Harry Lancaster; you were only four years old."

"Indeed I remember you very well," said she, and instinctively she put her right hand up to the side of her face.

He marked the gesture, of which the girl was quite unconscious, and there was a sudden gleam in his gray eyes.

"So you remember that?" said he. "How lasting are the painful impressions of childhood! And they are foolishly supposed to be fleeting."

"It wouldn't have been particularly painful," she replied, "if you had been shaved, though I remember that I was very much afraid of you because you always seemed so melancholy. But that beard really hurt, and I made the welkin ring, as you no doubt recall. I wouldn't let my father kiss me for a month afterward."

They both laughed at this memory of old days, but in Lancaster's heart there was a twinge of self reproach. It was nearly fourteen years since the beautiful child, now grown to womanhood, had been left an orphan, and, though she was the daughter of one of his best friends, Lancaster had never seen her in all that time. It flashed across his mind that in those years she might often have stood in need or in peril. It is true that she had been left sufficiently well provided for and in the care of relatives.

He felt guilty as he looked at her. So far as he was concerned, it was by pure chance that this priceless jewel had not been trampled upon by the frenzied selfishness that rushes through the highways of the world.

It appeared, however, that she had met with no great misfortune, and the small property left by her father was still sufficient for her needs. She sketched her life to him in the frankest way as he walked with her upon some small errand that had brought her from the house. She had been living in the city for several months and, with a widowed aunt, was dwelling beneath the same roof which Lancaster had chosen as his shelter. This was not an especially remarkable coincidence, as Mrs. Barclay, the landlady, was distantly connected with both the Harwood and Lancaster families.

It was a very pleasant little walk for Lancaster and was marred only by the fact that at the corner of the avenue two very dashily dressed men lifted their hats to Lancaster with a somewhat exaggerated courtesy. He did not respond to this salute, and neither of the men seemed to be in the slightest degree disturbed or even surprised by his failure to acknowledge their existence. He thought that he detected a rapid questioning look in Miss Harwood's eyes, and in response to it he said somewhat stiffly that he did not know either of the men and that they must have mistaken him for somebody else.

The girl said nothing in response to this assertion and presently in the course of her company Lancaster forgot the singular arrogance to which he had been subjected. He was often remarked to be bold, a man whom most people thought unamiable, cold, distant and silent. In reality his heart was warm enough and his sympathies quick and acute, but he had had many misfortunes in early life, and they had left a mark upon him. He was of heavy frame and of a stern cast of countenance, and long continued grief of a certain period of his career had deeply lined his face. He usually carried his head somewhat bowed with his eyes downcast and his expression suggestive of one who ponders deeply upon secret and unpleasant topics, but there were moments when his gray eyes would light up and the heavy lines of his face would soften, so that he might almost be called handsome.

It happened that there was a play at one of the theaters which Lancaster very much desired to see, and he happened to mention it to Miss Harwood. She had not seen the play, but had heard it praised, and the result of all

THE YOUNG WOMAN TURNED QUICKLY.

this was that the girl accepted Lancaster's invitation for herself and her aunt to see the performance.

This incident would not be important except for a strange thing which happened in connection with it.

The theater was not far from Mrs. Barclay's, and, as the evening was pleasant, both Grace and her aunt expressed a desire to walk. While the play was in progress, however, the weather changed, and when they came out of the theater it was beginning to rain.

Lancaster found a carriage, and they rode home. As they stepped before the door the rain began to fall in big drops, and Lancaster lingered the two ladies across the sidewalk to the door. When he turned back to pay the cabman, he was surprised to see the vehicle rapidly moving away. The man had not even asked for his fare.

It may have been a week after this when Lancaster met Mrs. Barclay in the hall of the boarding house as he was going out one evening. He took the old lady gently by the arm and led her into the parlor, which was deserted at that hour.

"Mrs. Barclay," said he, "I want to ask you a very serious question, and you must answer me with the exact truth. What have I done to offend Miss Harwood?"

"Have you offended her?" asked the old lady in a tone which revealed clearly that she knew all about the matter.

"Both Lee and her aunt," said he, "and you must tell me how."

"Harry Lancaster," replied Mrs. Barclay, "I know your father, and I've known you more or less ever since you were a little boy. I can't believe that there's any harm in one of your blood. But—but I'm afraid you weren't always careful enough about your associates. This big city is a terrible place and"—

"What in the world do you mean?" demanded Lancaster.

"Well," said Mrs. Barclay, taking a long breath as one does at the beginning of a disagreeable subject, "I can only tell what's been told to me. It seems that your acquaintances are not of a desirable kind. Men that one doesn't like to recognize bow to you on the street, and for a young girl like Grace Harwood to be seen with a man who seems to know every corner loafer— There, you mustn't be offended, yet I can't help telling you. Why, Grace's aunt told me that day before yesterday a most brazen creature with diamonds the size of an egg and bleached hair winked at you—winked knowingly—and waved her hand to you as if you were an old acquaintance."

"But, blessed heaven," exclaimed Lancaster, "I'm not responsible for what such creatures do! I can't prevent these people bowing to me. I have explained to Miss Harwood and her aunt that I am evidently being mistaken for some questionable character well known in this neighborhood."

Mrs. Barclay coughed gently behind her hand.

"Yes," said she, "I was told that you'd said something of the kind. Ah," she continued, "a young man can't be too careful of his associates"—

"Confound it!" interrupted Lancaster. "These people are not my associates. I never saw any of them before. But we won't discuss it. I'll get to the bottom of this mystery first, and I'll do it right away. I'll go out and prowl around this quarter, and the first rascal that kotows to me will get the truth choked out of him mighty quick. I won't have such a fortuneless fellow as this ruin the last hope that Lancaster in the world has."

As often happens, there was great difficulty in finding a person who was positively engaged in any particular prospect. Lancaster walked the length of the street half a dozen times and not a living creature showed the small est interest in him. At last he paused wearily upon a corner close by the stairs which led up to a station of the elevated road. He stood there in his customary attitude, his head bowed and his hands clasped behind him. Probably he remained in this position about ten minutes, when suddenly he felt something thrust into one of his hands. Instinctively his fingers closed upon it; then he turned about, but could not see who it was that had given him this unexpected token. Several men were hurrying by, and one of them, just disappearing up the stairs of the station, looked a little like the queer fellow who had made signals on the first day. The man ascended the stairs with great agility and disappeared from view.

Lancaster turned his gaze to the object which had been thrust into his hand. It was a plain envelope sealed tightly, but bearing no address. Lancaster tore it open and was amazed to find it contained five $20 bills. There was no message whatever; the money was merely wrapped in a blank sheet of correspondence.

Lancaster stared at it and slowly shook his head.

"The number I received for my services is beyond me. It is clear that I have fallen into the hand of some one of a gang of thieves. This is to be a matter of secret picking. I shall have to report it to the police."

He walked to the nearest station, and as he entered the building he saw the rat eyed fellow standing before the desk, between two uniformed officers. The sergeant behind the desk was leaning far over and talking with the trio.

"Obviously I am just in time," thought Lancaster. "They have got one of my gang under arrest, and it was the other, his pal, whom I saw run up the stairs of the 'L' road."

He approached the desk, and as he did so the sergeant, the two uniformed men and the evil eyed fellow between them stared as if he had been a ghost.

"For a week or more," said Lancaster, addressing the sergeant, "I have been subjected to a peculiar annoyance in this precinct. It is obvious that a gang of land pirates operating hereabout have mistaken me for some person high up in their councils. Here is one result of it"—

And he displayed the envelope with the money. The sergeant stroked his chin.

"This is serious," he said, frowning. "I guess you'd better talk to the captain."

He led the way to a private room. When the door was opened Lancaster saw a heavily built man of forty standing by a window, his back toward the door. He was dressed in a plain brown sack suit, and in the first instant it did not occur to Lancaster that this could be the captain. The man did not turn as they entered. He still stood with his hands clasped behind his back and his head bent forward in the attitude of one who meditates upon secret and unpleasant topics.

Slowly he turned and faced Lancaster. The stub of a short cigar fell from

"WHO THE DEVIL IS THIS?"

his lips; his gray eyes opened wide; he raised one hand and passed it across his forehead.

"Who," he gasped—"who the devil is this?"

"I don't know," replied the sergeant, "but I could have made oath it was you when he walked into the station a minute ago."

The rest of the story needs no telling. It appeared immediately that the rat eyed man and his pal were precinct detectives, one of whom had delivered in his usual private manner a bit of money which had come in the regular way of business. Lancaster handed it to the captain and felt much cleaner for being rid of it.

He was of course easily able to reestablish his reputation at Mrs. Barclay's and to clear himself of all suspicion in the eyes of Miss Harwood and her aunt. He found it best, however, to remove presently to a different quarter of the city. Indeed the captain himself suggested it, having called in a friendly manner for the purpose of making this request.

"It really won't do," said the officer "to have two of us in one precinct. It makes people too blamed uneasy."

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THE MINER and Tri-Weekly Tribune one year for $1.75 IN ADVANCE.

THE ESKIMO DOG.

Alive, He Works For His Master, and Dead, He Feeds Him.

One of the Eskimo dog breed with a human being for a master is also called "the poor man's horse." Like the horse, he is one of an animal family of as much value to him as is the domesticated animals of more favored races put together. He draws him and his family and their chattels from place to place, hunts to his door the meat of seal or walrus, leads him with unerring scent to the tiny orifice in the snow which indicates the breathing hole of a seal, drags him for miles in pursuit of the bear and finally brings the large beast to bay, sounds up the musk ox till his master can come up for the kill, and then perchance in the darkness of some long winter night, when the hand of hunger grips the settlement relentlessly, he yields up his life to feed his master and his family and his coat to keep them warm.

Though mixed now with other strains, so that black and reddish and spotted dogs are to be seen as well as the pure blooded grays and whites, this animal still retains to a large degree the strength, endurance and fierce lust for blood when in pursuit of game that characterized its wild ancestors. Combined with these traits are an intelligence and faithfulness that make many of those animals the peer of any of the brave biennial soldiers in more civilized countries.—Boston Monthly.

Over Refereeing.

[illegible]

The referee was [illegible] to take [illegible] to keep [illegible] he [illegible] he let [illegible] drop one of his leather cases into the stream and then bought fifty cash worth of torches to search for the lost one. His friends laughed at him for spending so much in order to recover so little, and he replied with a frown:

"Sirs, you are foolish and ignorant of economics. Had I not sought for those ten cash they would have been lost forever sunk in the bottom of the Nantucketawa. The fifty cash which I have expended on torches will remain in the hands of the tradesmen. Whether he has them or I is no matter, but not a single one of the sixty has been lost, and that is a clear gain to the country."

The Oriole and the Bee.

Birds, their heads being small, are usually regarded as stupid, but an amateur naturalist pointed out the other day a proof that the Baltimore oriole at least is very intelligent. "Take the oriole's habitat in the summer," he said "and all around it you will find the decapitated bodies of bees. The oriole is fond of honey, and he has discovered somehow that the bee carries honey in a sac. Accordingly he rushes down on the insect, snips off its head, removes its viscera and then swallows the fancy that is now left bare. This shows intelligence on the oriole's part, but I have not yet described the thing which shows the bird's reasoning power most strongly. It is only the stingless male, white headed bees that the oriole slays. The stinging bees he leaves alone wisely."—Philadelphia Record.

Will Power and the Thumb.

Would be hypnotizers should avoid trying conclusions with persons possessing longer jointed thumbs than their own, for if there is any truth in palmistry the strength of one's will depends upon the formation of the thumb; the will power of its owner being great or little according to the length or want of length of its upper joint.

How the thumbs of the Roman holiday makers were formed mattered nothing to the defeated gladiator, whose fate hung upon their being bent forward or backward—a method of decreeing life or death to which perhaps we owe a sum at another's mercy being said to be under his thumb.—Chambers' Journal.

The Pancake Bell.

In the tower of St. Mary's church, Morley, Yorkshire, England, hangs an ancient bell bearing the date 1169. Every Shrove Tuesday morning it is rung for one hour, and the custom has been followed for centuries, although its origin is quite unknown. The people of the locality believe that it has some connection with the baking of pancakes on the day before Lent. Hence its name, the "pancake bell." On the last occasion of the ringing scores of people went into the belfry to take a pull at the rope in order that they might claim some share in the traditional usage.

Realistic.

Brown—Did you hear about that realistic fruit picture that Thompson painted? He had it out in his garden and the birds actually came down and picked at the fruit.

Jones—Oh, that's nothing! I know a man who painted a bottle of ginger beer so realistically that the cork came out.—London King.

His New Horse.

"Seen Ezry's new horse?" asked one citizen of another. "I have," was the reply. "Well, what does it look like?" asked the questioner impatiently. "Well, he looks," said the other man slowly, "as if Ezry had taken him for an old debt."—Boston Christian Register.

Adam and Eve.

Adam and Eve got along very well until the lady took advice outside of her own yard. Adam, of course, was henpecked or he would have slain the snake very promptly.—Schoolmaster.

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Official Directory.

STATE

Governor—Samuel W. Pennypacker.
Lieutenant-Governor—W. M. Brown.
State Treasurer—Frank G. Harris.
Attorney General—Wm. U. McCamey.
Auditor General—Charles A. Snyder.

DISTRICT AND COUNTY

President Judge—Joseph W. Barlow, Smethport.
Members of Congress—S. B. Dick, Bradford.
State Senator—Myron Watson, Bradford.
Members of Assembly—J. W. Campbell, Kane; J. M. Mead, Bradford.
District Attorney—Leon P. Melvin, Bradford, Pa.
Sheriff—Chester Mays, Montrose.
Prothonotary—E. B. Hull, Smethport.
Register—H. M. Lovejoy, Smethport.
Recorder—J. B. Berggren, Smethport.
Clerk of Courts—W. H. Morrison, Smethport.
County Treasurer—A. W. Boyd, Bradford.
Commissioners—Cornelius Carlson, Kane; C. A. Peterson, Bradford; W. P. Wilcox, Smethport.
Coroner—Clerk—S. D. Weaver, Kane.
Jury Commissioners—Wallis Ostrander, Wm. Bryden.
Auditors—Oliver Kingdom, Sargeant; Levi Bartlett, Port Allegany; James Devlin, Bradford.
Coroner—E. H. Hall, M. D., Bradford.
County School Superintendent—J. E. Myers, Smethport.

BOROUGH.

Burgess—F. W. Brownell.
Council—James A. McKean, president; Mrs. J. Colegrove, secretary; W. P. Walsh, treasurer; Charles McKean, C. H. Lewis, Alfred Hagberg, Thomas Camp, J. A. Yeiton.
Justices—E. L. Knapp, W. Stark.
Constable—C. N. Bates.
High Constable—Andrew Ness.
Board of Burgesses—F. W. Brownell, president; W. Stark, secretary; E. H. Hall, treasurer; W. J. Speed, H. W. Kane, Chas. Lewis.
Collector—Fred Spear.
Assessors—J. A. Colyer.
Auditors—[illegible]
Justices of Peace—H. R. Henderson.
Inspector of Electric Supply Co.—H. [illegible]

Lodge Directory.

F. & A. M.—McKean Lodge, No. [illegible] meets [illegible] Friday evening on or before each full moon at Masonic Hall, Main street.
SAMUEL E. ELLIS, W. M.
W. T. SPECHT, Secy.

I. O. O. F.—Smethport Lodge, No. [illegible] meets Friday evenings at 8:00 o'clock in I. O. O. F. Hall. Work Initiatory degree first meeting of each month; first degree second; and second degree on fourth meeting.
WM. LONG, N. G.
W. G. HOLMES, Secy.

I. O. O. F.—Smethport Encampment, No. [illegible] meets the first and third Wednesdays of each month in I. O. O. F. Hall.
S. J. SWANSON, Chief Patriarch.
H. M. CHOATE, Scribe.

G. A. R.—McKean Post, No. [illegible] meets first and third Thursday evenings each month at 7:30 o'clock, in the I. O. O. F. Hall.
E. R. MAYO, Com.
H. L. BURLINGAME, Adjutant.

W. R. C.—Meets every Thursday afternoon at I. O. O. F. Hall.
MRS. ADELL GRIGSBY, Pres't.
MRS. ROSE PEIRCE, Sec'y.

A. O. U. W.—Smethport Lodge, No. [illegible] meets Tuesday evening of each month in Kerns Hall.
J. C. GALLUP, Recorder.
Z. U. GIFFORD, M. W.

K. O. T. M.—Smethport Tent, No. [illegible] meets every second and fourth Tuesday evening at 7:30 in I. O. O. F. Hall.
H. C. WELLS, Com.
W. H. MORRISON, R. K.

I. O. O. T.—Smethport Hive, No. [illegible] meets in I. O. O. F. Hall, Tuesday afternoons.
MATTIE E. PARKER, Com.
LIZZIE F. HOOPER, R. K.

C. M. B. A.—Smethport Branch [illegible] meets second and fourth Wednesdays of each month at W. C. T. U. Hall, Larkin Block, at 7:30 p. m.
JAMES LYNCH, Pres't.
THOMAS CLARK, Rec. Sec'y.

W. C. T. U.—Meets every alternate Wednesday at 3 p. m. in the M. E. Chapel.
Mrs. MELLIE I. BOYER, Pres't.
Mrs. MARY E. RICHMOND, Sec'y.

P. H. C.—Smethport Branch, No. [illegible] meets on every Tuesday evening in I. O. O. F. Hall.
C. M. COLEGROVE, Pres.
MARY A. DENNING.

Phoenix Chapter No. [illegible] O. E. S.—Meets first and third Thursdays in each month in Odd Fellows' Hall.
MRS. W. F. SPECHT, W. M.
MRS. L. T. COLEGROVE, Sec'y.

I. O. R. M.—Meets every Monday evening in I. O. O. F. Hall. Adoption degree 1st Monday; Warrior's degree 2nd Monday; Chief's degree 3rd Monday.
L. F. WILCOX, S.
L. K. HOGARTH, C. of R.

Churches

Methodist Episcopal—Gaylord H. Patterson, Ph. D., pastor. Class Meeting, Sunday at 10 a. m. Preaching at 10:30 a. m. Sunday School at 11:45 a. m. Junior League at 4 p. m. Epworth League at 6:30 p. m. Preaching at 7:30 p. m. General prayer meeting Thursday at 7:30 p. m.

Episcopal—J. Heber McCandless, Rector. Services every Sunday at 10:30 a. m. and 7:45 p. m. Additional service at 8 a. m., except on first Sunday of each month. Sunday School at 9:30 a. m.

All Saint's Memorial Chapel—East Smethport—Rev. J. Heber McCandless, Rector. Divine services every Sunday at 2:45 p. m. Sunday School 3:30 p. m. The Ladies' Guild meets every Friday at 10 a. m.

St. Elizabeth Catholic Church—Rev. P. Cosgrove, Pastor. Mass at 11 a. m. Service at 11:30 a. m. Sunday School at 3 p. m. Services on each Sunday.

First Baptist Church—P. S. Calvin, Pastor. Preaching each Sunday at 11:00 a. m., and 7:30 p. m. Sunday School at 10 a. m. Junior Endeavor at 3 p. m. Senior Endeavor at 6:30 p. m. Prayer meeting each Wednesday evening at 7:30. Ladies' Aid Society meets each Friday afternoon in the church building. Women's Missionary Circle meets the first Tuesday evening in each month. The pastor preaches in the East Smethport Chapel each Sunday afternoon at 2:30. All are invited. Seats free.

Colegrove—Rev. W. F. Tubbs, Pastor. Services every Sunday morning at 11 o'clock.

Clermont Church—Rev. W. F. Tubbs, Pastor. Services every other Sunday at 3 p. m.

TRAVELER'S GUIDE

Pennsylvania RAILROAD

BUFFALO AND ALLEGHENY ALLEY DIVISION.

Time Table—Taking effect Nov. 24, 1901.

TRAINS LEAVE SMETHPORT.

Buffalo Express, daily except Sunday, 9:14 a. m.
*Buffalo Mail, daily except Sunday, 2:39 p. m.

*Train leaving Smethport 2:39 p. m. connects at Olean with Chautauqua Division for Allegany, Salamanca, Oil City and Pittsburg.

For Clermont.

Train 123, week days.....10:59 a. m.
Train 126, week days.....7:07 p. m.
For Larabee, Port Allegany, Coudersport and points south:
Train 121, week days.....9:14 a. m.
Train 123, week days.....2:39 p. m.

PHILADELPHIA & ERIE DIVISION TIME TABLE.

TRAINS LEAVE EMPORIUM JUNCTION EASTWARD.

8:18 a. m.—Train 12, week days, for Sunbury, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Hazleton, Pottsville, Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 6:23 p. m., New York 9:30 p. m., Baltimore 6:05 p. m., Washington 7:15 p. m. Pullman Parlor car from Williamsport to Philadelphia, and passenger coaches from Kane to Philadelphia and Williamsport to Baltimore and Washington.

12:05 p. m.—Train 8, daily for Sunbury, Harrisburg and principal intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 7:32 p.m., New York 10:23 p. m., Baltimore 7:30 p. m., Washington 8:35 p. m. Vestibuled parlor cars and passenger coaches, Buffalo to Philadelphia and Washington.

3:23 p. m.—Train 6, daily, for Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 4:25 a. m., New York 8:20 a. m., Baltimore 7:30 a. m., Washington 8:25 a. m. Pullman sleeping cars from Harrisburg to Philadelphia and New York. Connecting at Harrisburg for Pittsburg and the West.

10:10 p. m.—Train 14, daily for Sunbury, Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 7:25 a. m., New York 10:20 a. m., Baltimore 8:15 a. m., Washington 9:10 a. m. Pullman sleeping cars from Erie and Williamsport to Philadelphia and Williamsport to Baltimore and Washington.

12:01 a. m.—Train 14, daily for Sunbury, Harrisburg and principal intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 7:25 a. m., New York 10:20 a. m., week days, connecting at Sunbury for Baltimore 7:15 a. m., Washington 8:20 a. m. Vestibuled Parlor Sleeping cars and passenger coaches, Buffalo to Philadelphia and Washington.

WESTWARD

5:10 a. m.—Train 9, daily for Erie, Ridgway and intermediate stations.

10:00 a. m.—Train 3, daily for Erie and week days for DuBois and intermediate stations.

5:00 p. m.—Train 11, week days for Kane and intermediate stations.

Weekdays.

NORTH	STATIONS	SOUTH
A. M., Lv.		Ar. P. M.
9 40	Ridgway	12 01
9 55	Johnsonburg	11 46
10 11	Ridgway	11 28
10 20	Straight	11 20
10 25	Instanter	11 10
10 33	Smith's Run	11 10
10 38	Woodvale	11 04
10 45	Clermont	11 00
A. M.		A. M.

Connections are made with train 8, leaving Ridgway at 11:48 a. m. for Erie and intermediate points, arriving at Erie at 3:30 p. m. Also at Ridgway with train 207, leaving Ridgway 12:10 p. m. for DuBois, Red Bank, Pittsburg and intermediate points as follows:

[illegible] to Hanson, [illegible] Wrecks, [illegible] Mayview, [illegible] Pass Yard.

Brockway, Corbett & Kinzua Railway.

[illegible]

[illegible] Lake Shore [illegible]

[illegible] Kane, [illegible] Kane, [illegible] Kane, [

HE FELL OVERBOARD

By Richard B. Shelton

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A certain Mr. Timothy Leary sat sunning himself on the stringer of a pier, finding life, as he took a mental survey of it, very dull indeed. Business (Mr. Leary's business, which was carried on mainly under cover of the night) was decidedly slow. He turned his eyes to the next pier, where the Ufeland, just arrived from Liverpool, was coming into dock, her huge hull in charge of three pulling tugs, which clung to her like so many leeches.

The spectator had no particular interest to Mr. Leary. The people on the liner's decks and the crowd on the pier were beginning to shout to one another, which display of enthusiasm bored him excessively. Suddenly a dark object shot down the ship's side and struck the water with a splash and a gurgle.

Whatever else Mr. Leary might be, he was no coward. In a very small fraction of a minute he had shed coat, vest and shoes and poised headlong from the stringer on which he had been sitting. What the object came to the surface, Mr. Leary struck out for it. The object, by way of welcome, clutched him about the neck and emitted a series of insane gurgles.

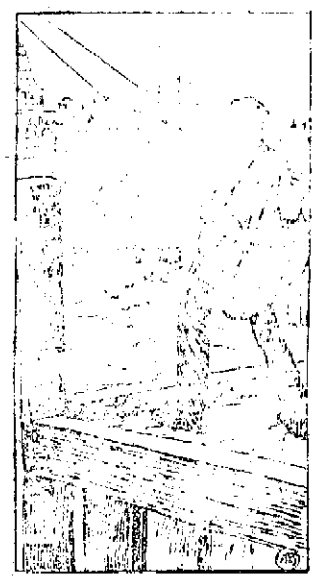
The rescuer was not favorably impressed. He gave his charge a round oath from his tongue and a couple of blows from his fist, after which, with a much more docile man over his shoulders, he swam to the pier head, where scores of willing hands pulled them up.

A physician was found, and the work of resuscitation began. Mr. Leary elbowed his way through the crowd and rushed up the street to Murphy's saloon, a great concourse following.

this bit of advertising, and by way of expressing his gratitude he sent out a boy for some dry clothes for Leary.

Murphy made a good [illegible] who, when he had [illegible] pocket out of the [illegible] up the [illegible]

[illegible]



HE SHED HIS APPAREL IN AN AMAZINGLY SHORT TIME.

germ of an idea was stirred in his brain. Several times in the course of his walk uptown he paused to give his thanks respecting whales and to announce to himself "I would work to a T."

By 6 o'clock that evening Mr. Leary had every detail worked out, and at 8 he sought a certain uptown hotel, of none too savory reputation, where after a half-hour's wait he encountered a lonely dressed individual, who addressed him as "Red" and whom he, in turn, familiarly called "Cap."

The two found a quiet corner, and Mr. Leary divulged his scheme, rather thickly, it is true, and with many halts, for he had been drinking to his success all day. Nevertheless the other saw its feasibility.

"Red," he said, "you're a genius. There'll be enough in it for both of us. Come down and have a drink on it."

Some weeks later Mr. Leary again sat sunning himself on the pier stringer. It was a pleasant day in late spring, and his spirits were in accord with the season. When a loafer begged for tobacco, Leary gave him the remainder of his plug.

At the next pier the Siouxland, from Liverpool, was coming into her dock. The operation seemed to interest him this time, for his eyes searched eagerly up and down her decks.

Suddenly on the Siouxland a tall man, with a high hat and a long light overcoat, sprang upon the rail and waved his cane above the heads of the other passengers. A moment later he threw up his arms wildly, lost his balance and shot down the ship's side to the water.

There were the screams and yells, the shower of buoys, and Mr. Leary, devoid of coat, vest and shoes, plunged gallantly from the neighboring pier. He had shed his apparel in an amazingly short time. Some of those who were near him at the time remembered afterward that even before the man had leaped to the rail Leary had torn open his vest and unlaced his shoes. This time the man in the water was quite tractable. He neither spluttered nor grabbed his rescuer by the neck. He even said in low tones, "Better hit the nearest pier, Red," and then proceeded to get himself into a fit condition to be resuscitated.

Again willing hands drew them to the pier, and again the intrepid Leary refused all acknowledgment of his heroic deed and made off through the crowd.

Late that summer, when the Ufeland was coming into dock, the same spectacular scene occurred. This time it was a short man in flannels and yachting cap who went over the rail. The only variation of the original programme was that he said to his rescuer: "Better go up the river a bit, Red. I think they're on." In accordance with this advice Leary swam to the next pier, where amid the cheers of the onlookers he and his dripping charge were hoisted to the wharf.

"That man should have a medal," said a well dressed gentleman who had watched the rescue with breathless interest. "It's the second time I've seen him do this thing. Let everybody do what he can." In his burst of enthusiasm he tore off his hat and deposited therein a two dollar bill. But before he could do any soliciting the interest of the crowd was drawn to the upper end of the wharf, for Leary, edging his way out, had come face to face with two customs officials who were hurrying down the pier to intercept him. He dodged them deftly and made up the pier at his best speed, the two officials in hot pursuit, yelling at the top of their voices, "Stop him! Stop that man!" Half way up the wharf Leary collided with an apple woman's cart and came limply to earth with a large part of the cart's stock bounding about him, and there the breathless customs men pounced upon him and dragged him to his feet.

"Yes," said one of the customs men to the Ufeland's purser some hours later, "it was rather a neat bit of work. The one that fell overboard brought them over, of course, and then he'd pass them to the one that did the fake rescue business while they were in the water. They grew too frequent, those rescues did, and made us somewhat suspicious. There's half a hundred thousands' worth this time alone if there's a dollar's worth of 'em."

The purser went over to the table. There, spread out in dazzling array was a quantity of perfect diamonds.

That was several years ago. A certain Mr. Leary [illegible] Red, [illegible] his legs from a [illegible] are the exact [illegible] gas [illegible] will be [illegible] fruition.

Paid in His Own Coin

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

SHERIFF'S SALES.

BY VIRTUE OF ... MONDAY WRITS OF ... and to me directed, there will be exposed to ... Court House, in the City of Smethport, ... MONDAY (UNI ...

... Before and at the hour of ... sell and convey all the ... estate, to wit:

... A certain parcel of land ... and situate in the Township of ... County of McKean and State of ... Pennsylvania, bounded as follows, to-wit: Beginning at a post on the western ... Bradford and Bullis Railroad ... Fulton street, ... Smethport; thence ... with said Fulton street ... feet; thence ... with said Fulton street ... feet; thence ... with said Fulton street ... feet